Government of Manipur
Department of Environment and Climate Change
Porompat, Imphal – 05

No. 4/124/2019 (RRC) / DoE&CC

Imphal, the 13th November, 2026

To,
The Executive Director – Technical (NMCG)
National Mission for Clean Ganga
Ministry of Jal Shakti, Govt. of India

Sub. : Submission of Monthly Progress Report(MPR) to the Central Monitoring Committee in the NGT Matter OA No. 673 of 2018;

Sir,

I have the honour to submit herewith the Monthly Progress Report (MPRs) in respect of Manipur State for the month of October, 2026 for kind reference and doing the needful.

With regards,

Encl : As above

Yours Sincerely

13/11/2026

(**Dr. T. Brajakumar Singh**)
Director

Copy to :

1. Staff Officer to the Chief Secretary, Government of Manipur
2. PS to Principal Secretary (Forest, Environment and Climate Change, Govt. of Manipur
3. Scientist 'B', National River Conservation Division, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Govt. of India

National Mission for Clean Ganga
Format for submission of Monthly Progress Report in the NGT Matter OA No. 673 of 2018
(in compliance with NGT order dated 24.09.2020)
For the State of Manipur submitted on 20th October 2026

I. Sewage Generation:

	Total Sewage Generation Per Day (in MLD)
Urban	**70**
Rural	**49**
Hills	**66**
Total	**185**

II. Details of Sewage Treatment Plant:

• Existing No. of STPs and Treatment Capacity	:	3(Three) STP of 27, 16 and 1 MLD = 44 MLD Operational
• Capacity Utilization of existing STPs	:	(21.59+7.5+0.8) MLD=29.89 MLD
• MLD of sewage being treated through alternate technology	:	NIL
• Gap in Treatment Capacity in MLD	:	14.1 MLD
• No. of Operational STPs	:	3 (three) Detail of STP is at **Annexure-1**
• No. of Complying STPs	:	3 (three)
• No. of non-complying STPs	:	Nil

Details of each existing STP in the State

No.	**Location**	**Existing STP Capacity**	**Capacity Being Utilized**	**Operational Status of STP**	**Compliance Status of STP**
1	Lamphel, Imphal West	27 MLD	21.59 MLD	Operational (79.98%)	Complying
2	Maibam Leikai, Imphal West	16 MLD	7.5 MLD	Operational (50.00%)	Complying
3	Iroisemba, Imphal West	1 MLD	0.8 MLD	Operational (80%)	Complying
Total		**44.0 MLD**	**29.9**		

Details of proposed STPs in the State

No.	**Location**	**Capacity of the STP proposed in MLD**	**Status of Project**	**Likely Date of Completion**
1	Imphal	49 MLD	Total physical progress of 44.34%	2027

III. Details of Industrial Pollution:

1.	No. of industries in the State	:	**409 Nos.** (342 outside Industrial Estate and 67 inside Industrial Estate)
2.	No. of water polluting industries in the State located along the 9 (nine) prioritized rivers of Manipur	**:**	Nil
3.	Quantity of effluent generated from the industries in MLD	**:**	0.93 KLD (estimated) in case of the 3 units located within Nilakuthi Food Park, Imphal East

4.	Quantity of Hazardous Sludge generated from the Industries in TPD	:	Sl. No.	Name of the Industrial Estate	Estimated Ind Effluent Generation KLD	pH	BOD (mg/l)	COD (mg/l)	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)
			1	Takyelpat Industrial Estate	25.0	7.8	30.0	200	98.0
			2	Tera Urak Industrial Estate	5.0	7.7	28.0	180	90.0
			3	Kuraopokpi Industrial Estate	15.0	7.5	29.0	190	90.0
5.	Number of industrial units having ETPs	:	Nil						
6.	Number of industrial units connected to CETP	:	3 (three)						
	Number and total capacity of ETPs	:	Nil						
	Details of existing	:	Nil						
	Under construction	:	Nil						
	Proposed	:	Nil						
	Compliance status of the ETPs	:	Nil						
	Number and total capacity of CETPs	:	1 (one) CETP						
	Details of existing	:	1 unit of 400 KLD capacity						
	Under construction	:	3						
	Proposed	:	Nil						

Town	**Existing ETP Capacity**	**CETP Proposed, if any**	**Status (under construction etc.)**
Imphal	400 KLD capacity	Nil	The construction of 3(three) ETPs at Takyelpat, Tera Urak & Kuraopokpi Industrial Estates of Manipur under PM Gatishakti Schemes has been completed.

- **Status of compliance and operation of the CETPs**

Town	**No. of industries**	**Industrial discharge**	**Status of ETPs**	**Status of CETPs (Existing, under construction & proposed)**
Imphal	5 (five)	Requested the Member Secretary, Manipur Pollution Control Board vide letter No. A-DTCI-109/4/2022-DTCI-DTC&I dt. 05/06/2023 to support with the data on industrial waste generated (in TPD) inside the 3 (three) Industrial Estates of Manipur and 1 (one) food park in Nilakuthi.	Nil	1 (one) CETP of 400 Kilo Liter / Day at Nilakuthi Industrial Estate, Imphal **Status: Functional**

IV. <u>Solid Waste Management:</u>

- Total Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) : 27 ULBs
- Population of ULBs : 6,16,002 (2011 Census)
  : 8,46,918 (2025 projected population)
- Current Municipal Solid Waste Generation : 309.39 MTD
  (As per SBM 2.0 guidelines, MSW generation is estimated @450gm per capita generation for Imphal Municipal Corporation (for more than one lakh

population) and @300gm per capita generation for other ULBs (for less than one lakh population) based on 2025 projected population)

- Waste Collected : 198.76 TPD (Collected by ULBs)
- Existing Management / treatment facility : 209.95 TPD
- Utilization of MSW processing : 73.35 TPD
  [Managed by ULBs = 71.16 TPD
  Managed at Source = 81.74 TPD
  Total Managed = 152.90 TPD]

Number installed capacity and utilization of existing MSW processing facilities in TPD bifurcated by type of processing.

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
SN	**ULB Name**	**Name of MSW processing unit**	**Capacity of dry waste processing/ segregation unit/plant**	**Capacity of wet waste processing / segregation unit / plant**	**Any other processing unit capacity**	**Total Installed capacity (in TPD)**	**Utilization (in TPD)**	**Type of processing**	**Action plan to bridge Gap between utilization and installed facility**
1	Imphal MC	Lamdeng Solid Waste Management Plant	50	50		100	30	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/aerobic composting	• More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase of manpower with magisterial authority. • Machinery upgradation (outdated machine still in use). • Linking of other Municipal Services to the garbage collection enrolment. • Setting up Waste Management Plant for other LBs (Urban and Rural) as most of them bring their waste to Imphal (Lamdeng) waste management plant.
2	Lamshang MC	Lamdeng Solid Waste Management Plant & Council MSW site	0.5	0.5	0	1	0.5	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/aerobic composting	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits. • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
3	Samurou MC	Segregation shed cum MRF, Naorem Chaprou composting unit	0.5	1.5	0	2	1.5	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/aerobic composting	• Allotment of SWM land. • Construction of segregation sheds and more composting pits. • Purchase of machinery, engage more sanitary workers. • More awareness and behavioral change campaign.
4	Thongkhong Laxmi MC	Council SWM site	1.5	2		3.5		• Aerobic composting/manual segregation/recycling shed cum transfer station.	• In terms of Ward-wise, Region-wise, Area-wise, Leikai-wise, Leirak-wise coverage of D2D collection, there is 100% coverage of D2D, but households wise 60%. • More awareness and behavioral change campaign required.

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
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									• Increase of manpower with magisterial authority to enable ULB to enforce the SWM Byelaws strictly & adding of required machinery. • The recently allotted land is a low-lying area with perennial water. Land needs to be developed first & Construction of Solid Waste processing structure and installation of solid waste processing machineries needed after development of the land which requires huge investment. • Till the development of the allotted land, after selling of segregated plastic bottles and cardboard boxes only at Council level, the remaining collected waste is transferred to Lamdeng SWM Plant on regular basis on payment of tipping fee for further processing.
5	Sekmai MC	1. Waste Management Site at Parao, Ward No. 1, Sekmai 2. Lamdeng Solid Waste Plant	0.5	0.5	0	1	0.5	• Aerobic Composting and manual segregation of dry waste	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
6	Lilong IW MC	Council SWM site	1.5	2		3.5	2	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• Allotment of SWM land. • Construction of segregation sheds and more composting pits. • Purchase of Machine, engaging more sanitary workers. • More awareness and behavioral change campaign

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
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7	Wangoi MC	Council SWM site	0	0	0	0		• Segregation shed cum transfer station	• More rigorous awareness and behavioral change campaign • Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026 • Allotment of SWM land by 30.06.2026 • Setting up a Solid Waste Management & Processing Facility of its own.
8	Thoubal MC	Waste Management Plant, Thoubal Khunou, Thoubal	20	6	0	26	10.3	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• In compliance to SWM Rules 2026, the ULB has intensified IEC activities to achieve 100% D2D coverage & 4-way source segregation. • More manpower in the Waste Management Plant is required for efficient waste processing. • Door-to-door collection linked to Municipal Services which has also helped increased in number of registrations in D2D.
9	Yairipok MC	Chingya Segregation shed	0.45	0.05	0	0.5	0.5	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET Waste & mechanical Segregation Dry Waste & Mixed Waste	• Increase awareness programmes throughout the wards of the Municipality. • Sent to Thoubal Cluster waste processing site.
10	Andro MC	Council SWM site	1	2	0	3	2	• Composting Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Plant to fill up the gap by 31.03.2027 through: • Increasing IEC on Door-to-Door waste collection & Source segregation, • Increase in manpower, • Engagement of recyclers, • Encouraging home composting, • Capacity building in terms of man & machinery.
11	Sikhong Sekmai MC	Sikhong Sekmai SWM site	1	1	0	2	0.56	• MRF (Material Recovery Facility)	• Increase awareness programes throughout the wards of the Municipality.

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
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12	Lilong TBL MC	Lilong (Thoubal) MC SWM Site	1	3	0	4	2.74	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase in Manpower with magisterial authority • Machinery upgradation (Outdated Machines still in use) • Linking of other Municipal Services to the garbage collection enrolment. • Setting up Waste Management Plant for other LBs (Urban and Rural) as most of them bring their waste to Imphal (Lamdeng) waste management plant.
13	Heirok MC	Waste Management Plant, Haosoi Ching	1	2	0	3	0.35	• MRF (Material Recovery Facility) and Composting Pit	• More composting pits, increase in manpower, awareness drives and engagement of recyclers and encouraging home composting.
14	Wangjing Lamding MC	Wangjing SWM Facility	1	1	0	2	1.1	• Transfer cum Segregation shed and Composting Pit.	• Increasing home composting, more compost pits, awareness on source segregation, engage more recyclers.
15	Kakching MC					0		• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation. Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
16	Mayang Imphal MC	Solid waste Management Plant	3	2	0	5	2	• Treatment Plant - Composting Pits- MRF/segregation sheds. • Remaining collected waste sent to Treatment Plant at Lamdeng, Imphal • Segregated recyclable waste is sent to recycler.	• Treatment Plant, Composting Pits and MRF are operational. • Remaining collected waste sent to Treatment Plant at Lamdeng, Imphal • Segregated recyclable waste is sent to recyclers. • The ULB shall manage to mitigate the gap with intensified IEC on D2D collection, source segregation, mandatory payment of fees for D2D collection etc.

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
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17	Lamlai MC	Lamlai Solid Waste Management Plant	1	1	0	2	0	1. Compost (home + centralized) 2. Source segregation and centralized segregation	• Rigorous IEC activities encourage home composting, solid waste management site Amuthenga.
18	Kakching Khunou MC	Kakching Khunou Municipal Council SWM Site	1.5	2	0	3.5	0.5	• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation. Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
19	Sugnu MC	Sugnu Municipal Council SWM Site	1	1	0	2	0.2	• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation. Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
20	Kumbi MC	Solid waste management processing site ward no. 5 Kumbi Municipal Council	3	2	0	5	1	• Composting	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste collection and source segregation Mandatory Submission of payment receipts of D2D waste collection of the time of availing any form of service from the council.
21	Kwakta MC	Solid Waste Management Plant Kwakta Ward No. 8	0.45	1	0	1.45	0.11	• Composting	• Encouraging households on Door-to-Door collection of waste. • Segregation of waste at source and campaign for home composting
22	Moirang MC	Solid waste management processing site ward no. 5 Moirang Municipal Council	4	4	0	8	2	• Composting	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste collection and source segregation Mandatory Submission of payment receipts of D2D waste collection of the time of availing any form of service from the council.
23	Ningthoukhong MC	Ningthoukhong Municipal Council SWM Site	2	2	0	4	1	• Composting & segregation of	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
SN	**ULB Name**	**Name of MSW processing unit**	**Capacity of dry waste processing/ segregation unit/plant**	**Capacity of wet waste processing / segregation unit / plant**	**Any other processing unit capacity**	**Total Installed capacity (in TPD)**	**Utilization (in TPD)**	**Type of processing**	**Action plan to bridge Gap between utilization and installed facility**
								recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	management and minimize waste generation. • 2.Setting up of standalone or cluster-based waste management facility by 30.06.2026. • 3.Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboard from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • 4.Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026
24	Bishnupur MC	SWM Site	2.5	2.5	0	5	1.7	• Composting & segregation of recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimize waste generation. • Implementing four streams of Waste Segregation System at the source and to reduce landfill waste. • Setting up of standalone or cluster-based waste management facility by 30.06.2026. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery.
25	Oinam MC	SWM SITE	1	1	0	2	2	• Transfer, segregation and composting	• Encouraging households to source segregated waste and practice home composting of wet waste/ Engaging recyclers for dry waste.
26	Nambol MC	SWM Site	2.5	2.5		5	1	• Composting & segregation of	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste

PROCESSING / SEGREGATION UNIT / PLANT									
SN	**ULB Name**	**Name of MSW processing unit**	**Capacity of dry waste processing/ segregation unit/plant**	**Capacity of wet waste processing / segregation unit / plant**	**Any other processing unit capacity**	**Total Installed capacity (in TPD)**	**Utilization (in TPD)**	**Type of processing**	**Action plan to bridge Gap between utilization and installed facility**
								recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	management and minimize waste generation. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery by 31.12.2026.
27	Jiribam MC	Solid Waste Management Processing Site, Chingdong Leikai, Jiribam	4	8	10	22	1	• Composting send back for recycling, MRF	• IEC campaign door to door visit to educate the resident about the importance of Segregation on 4 streams of waste Dry, Wet, Sanitary and Special Care Waste and door to door collection. • About. 0.07 TPD waste generated from relief camps, Jiribam.
	Total		**105.9**	**100.55**	**10**	**215.45**	**64.56**		

• Action plan to bridge gap between Installed Capacity and Current Utilization of processing facilities (if Gap > 20%)	• Planning for upgrade the installed capacity as per required by 2029-30
• No. and capacity of C&D waste processing plants in TPD (existing, proposed and under construction)	• Existing – Nil • Proposed – 5TPD
• Total No. of wards	• 305 Wards
• No. of wards having door-to-door collection service	• 305 Wards
• No. of wards practicing segregation at source	• 305 Wards

1. Details of MSW treatment facilities proposed and under construction**:**

Sl. No.	**Name of ULB or Processing unit**	**Capacity**	**Technology**	**Proposed / under Construction**
1	Annexed at **Table-3**			
• No. and area (in acres) of uncontrolled garbage dumpsites and Sanitary Landfills			• 5 (five) sanitary landfill and 9 controlled dumpsites and 1 (one) uncontrolled dumpsite • Annexure-Table 3	
• No. and area (in acres) of legacy waste within 1km buffer of both sides of the rivers			• Nil	
• No. of drains falling into rivers and No. of drains having floating racks/screens installed to prevent solid waste from falling into the rivers			• 1 at Jiribam MC [floating racks/screens installed]	
• Status of ULB wise Management of Solid waste			• At **Annexure – Table -1 and Table -2**	

V. Bio-medical Waste Management October 2026:

Total Bio-medical generation	**:**	1.08 TPD	• Deep burial practiced at remote rural areas • Action Plan submitted to the State Pollution Control Board by the Directorate Health Service for BMW Management
No. of Hospitals and Health Care Facilities	**:**	534 Nos. [i/c 420 PHSCs]	
Status of Treatment Facility CBMWTF	**:**	CBMWTF = 1 No. (Capacity-100 Kg/hr.) Captive Facility = 2 Nos. (Capacities-100 Kg/hr. & 105 Kg/hr.) Deep Burial = 391 Nos.	
Status of Treatment Facility ETPs	**:**	68 (Public Facilities)	

VI. Hazardous Waste Management:

Total Hazardous Waste generation	:	0.99 TPD
No. of Industries generating Hazardous waste	:	334 (automobile service centres mainly micro-scale units)
Treatment Capacity of all TSDFs	:	Nil
Avg. Quantity of Hazardous waste reaching the TSDFs and Treated	:	Nil
Details of on-going or proposed TSDF	:	Under preparation of DPR, Final DPR by 2024 2024

VII. Plastic Waste Management:

Total Plastic Waste generation	:	
Treatment / Measures adopted for reduction or Management of plastic waste	:	

Details of Alternate Treatment Technology being adopted by the State/UT		:	
Identification of including drains contributing to river pollution and action as per NGT order on in-situ treatment		:	
Details of Nodal Officer appointed by Chief Secretary in the State / UT		:	
VIII.	Details of meetings carried in the State/UT	:	
IX	Latest water quality of polluted river, its tributaries, drains with flow details and ground water quality in the catchment of polluted river	:	
IX.	Ground water regulation	:	
X.	Good irrigation practices being adopted by the State	:	
XI.	Rainwater Harvesting	:	
XII.	Demarcation of Floodplain and removal of illegal encroachments	:	1. The Manipur Floodplain zoning Act, 1987 has been enacted for zoning of flood plains of rivers in the State of Manipur. 2. Boundaries and limits of the major rivers of the State were declared in the year 1988 and 1994 by the Irrigation and Flood Control Department, Manipur (Now Water Resources Department). 3. Eviction and removal of illegal encroachments is being carried out from time to time.
XIII.	Maintaining minimum e-flow of river	:	Water is released from the dam and reservoir from time to time to maintain e-flow of various rivers in the State. For other rivers without reservoirs or dams, no activities are taken up in the upper catchment for maintenance of E-flow as it is beyond the scope of Flood Division, WRD.
XIV.	Plantation activities along the rivers	:	Plantation has been undertaken by planting 1000 nos. of seedlings along 5 kms of the riverbank of the Nambul River and 1000 nos. of seedlings along 5 kms of the riverbank of the Khuga River.
XV.	Development of biodiversity park	:	No Biodiversity Park has been developed so far; However, 2 (two) Biodiversity Parks are under development Namely: 1. Khonghampat Biodiversity Park, Central Forest Division (Approved) 2. Wakha Biodiversity Park, Wakha Leima Ching, Central Forest Division (Approved)
XVI.	Reuse of Treated Water	:	
XVII.	Model River being adopted by the State & Action Proposed for achieving the bathing quality standards	:	
XVIII.	Status of Preparation of Action Plan by the 13 Coastal States	:	
XIX.	Regulation of Mining Activities in the State / UT	:	**The Mines and Mineral (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957** differentiates minerals into (a) major mineral and (b) minor mineral. The mineral administration of mining activities belonging to major minerals vests with the Central Government and are regulated under the Mines and Mineral (Regulation and Development) Act and Rules frame there under. The mineral administration of minor minerals vests with the respective State Governments and are regulated under their respective minor mineral concession Rules framed under section 15(1) of the Act and Rules framed there under. Similarly, in Manipur, the mining activities belonging to minor minerals are regulated under the **Manipur Minor Mineral**

			Concession Rules, 2012 and amendments thereon. In order to check illegal mining, to regulate transportation and storage of minor minerals, **The Manipur Minerals (Prevention of Illegal Mining, Storage and Transportation) rules, 2018** has also been notified. In addition, The Manipur Mineral Policy 2021 is being framed.
XX.	Action against identified polluters, law violators and officers responsible for failure for vigorous monitoring	:	

Annexure - 1

A. Total Status of STPs in Imphal (as on 20th October, 2026)

Particular	**Unit**	**Phase I**	**Phase II**	**Completed NRCD Project**	**Total**
Capacity of STP	MLD	27	49	17	93
A. STP at Lamphel by PHED					
Capacity of STP Utilized	MLD	21.59			21.59
Total Sewer Pipe	RM	69,429	2,77,289		3,46,718
Primary (Main Pipe)	RM	25,291			25,291
Secondary (Sub-main Pipe)	RM	44,138			44,138
Targeted Connection septic tank	Unit	9,564	42,190		
Connected septic tank	Unit	8748			8748
Lift Station	Unit	5	21	14	40
Population (by 2054)	Lakh	1,86,534	3,49,759		5,36,293
Covered Municipal Ward	Wards	11	16		
Area covered	Sq. Km.	11	35		
Method of Treatment		ASP	SBR		
B. STP and I & D under Nambul Rejuvenation Project					
16 MLD STP at Heirangoithong Maibam Leikai & 1 MLD STP at Iroishemba					
Interception & Diversion Pipelines	RM			14,545	14,545
No. of urban drains to be collected	Drain			72	72
Lift Station	Unit				
Population (by 2054)	Lakh				
Covered Municipal Ward	Wards				
Area covered	Sq. Km.				
Covered Polluted River	Km.	9.14		Nambul P-II	
Method of Treatment		MBBR		MBBR	

Note: Targeted household for Phase I has been decreased from 12,000 Nos. to 9,564 because 2436 household shall be covered in Imphal Sewerage project – Phase II.

Status of utilization of the existing STP:

1 (one) unit of 27 MLD STP (ASP technology) is Operational under PHED

- 69,429 rm sewer pipeline [25,291 rm primary lines, 44.138 rm secondary lines]
- Total target connection is 9,564 households

INCREMENTAL STATUS OF UTILIZATION FOR 27MLD STP AT LAMPHELPAT, IMPHAL WEST

	Jan 2025	**Feb 2025**	**Mar 2025**	**April 2025**	**May 2025**	**June 2025**	**July 2025**	**Aug 2025**	**Sept 2025**	**Oct 2025**	**Cumulative as on 20th Oct. 2026**	**Gap**
Household Connected	8330	8500	8520	8540	8560	8600	8620	8640	8660	8680	**8748**	**816**
Utilization in MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	**21.59 MLD**	**5.41 MLD**
Utilization in %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98%	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	**79.98 %**	**20.02 %**
	Nov 2025	**Dec 2025**	**Jan 2026**	**Feb 2026**	**Mar 2026**	**Apr 2026**	**May 2026**	**June 2026**	**July 2026**	**August 2026**	**Sept 2026**	**Oct 2026**
Household Connected	8690	8700	8705	8710	8720	8725	8728	8730	8735	8740	8745	8748
Utilization in MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD	21.59 MLD
Utilization in %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %	79.98 %

B. In-situ Bioremediation and others:

	Name of the Polluted River (P-V)	**Total Length of the River**	**Length of Polluted stretches**	**BOD Range (mg/l)**	**Population at polluted zone**	**Status / Proposed for Treatment**
1	Imphal	89.24 km	19.98 km	2.9 - 3.1	84,857	• Executing started for "**Imphal River along with Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) for 315 KLD at 27 ULBs and in situ treatment through Bioremediation of 16.75 MLD**"
2	Iril	156.50 km	18.12 km	2.8 - 3.0	1,714	
3	Khuga	79.25 km	10.92 km	2.0 – 3.0	857	
4	Khujairok	10.06 km	4.21 km	3.2	4,286	
5	Lokchao/ Thongjaorok	17.04 km	5.31 km	3.0	1,143	
6	Manipur	261.00 km	35.00 km	3.1	7,143	
7	Thoubal	142.80 km	24.61 km	2.8	30,286	
8	Wangjing	35.08 km	3.70 km	3.1 - 3.2	7,143	

Note:
ASP (Activated Sludge Process), EAP (Extended Aeration Process),
SBR (Sequencing Batch Reactor), MBBR (Moving Bed Biofilm Reactor)

	FORMAT FOR SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS AND UTILIZATION OF SEWAGE (20th OCTOBER 2026)																
Sl. No.	City / Town	No. of STP	Location of STP	Coordinates of STP	STP Commissioned year	Status (Operational/ Non-Operational/ Under Construction)	STP Installed Capacity (In MLD)	Actual Utilization of installed capacity (In MLD)	Technology UASB / ASP / OP / SBR / MBBR / FAB etc.		Compliance Status Source: Manipur Pollution Control Board						
											Oil & Grease	pH	TSS mg/l	COD mg/l	BOD mg/l	Faecal Coliform (/100ml)
1	Imphal	1	Lamphel	24◦49''45'N 93◦54''58'E	2020	Operational	27	21.59 MLD	ASP	Inlet	8.7	7.0	148	290	38.0	270
										Outlet	2.7	7.3	34	46	12.2	120

	FORMAT FOR SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS AND UTILIZATION OF SEWAGE AT 16 MLD HEIRANGOITHONG MAIBAM LEIKAI (20th SEPTEMBER 2026)																
Sl. No.	City / Town	No. of STP	Location of STP	Coordinates of STP	STP Commissioned year	Status (Operational/ Non-Operational/ Under Construction)	STP Installed Capacity (In MLD)	Actual Utilization of installed capacity (In MLD)	Technology UASB / ASP / OP / SBR / MBBR / FAB etc.		Compliance Status Source: Manipur Pollution Control Board						
											Oil & Grease	pH	TSS mg/l	COD mg/l	BOD mg/l	Faecal Coliform (/100ml)
1	Imphal	2	Heirangoithong	24.771997° 93.927133°	2024	Operational	16 MLD	7.5 MLD	MBBR	Inlet	-	6.98	118	147.48	50.68	≥2400
										Outlet	-	6.78	19	34.78	9.72	58.23

Annexure – 3

TABLE 1: SOLID WASTES GENERATION, COLLECTION AND MANAGEMENT - ULB WISE IN MANIPUR, OCTOBER 2026

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
1	Imphal MC	2,68,243	3,68,797	165.96	130.00	100.00	30.00	28.00	58.00	7.96	107.96	65	• More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase in Manpower with magisterial authority • Machinery upgradation (Outdated Machines still in use) • Linking of other Municipal Services to the garbage collection enrolment • Setting up of Waste Management Plant for other LBs (Urban and Rural) as most of them bring their waste to Imphal (Lamdeng) waste management plant."
2	Lamshang MC	8,130	11,178	3.35	1.30	1.00	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.55	2.35	70	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • Awareness of Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management etc.
3	Samurou MC	14,818	20,373	6.11	2.40	2.00	1.80	2.50	4.30	1.21	1.81	30	• Allotment of SWM land. • Construction of segregation sheds and more composting pits • Purchase of machinery, engaging more sanitary workers • More awareness and behavioral

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													change campaign.
4	Thongkhong Laxmi MC	14,878	20,455	6.14	1.40	3.50	1.26	3.60	4.86	1.14	1.28	21	• In terms of Ward-wise, Region-wise, Area-wise, Leikai-wise, Leirak-wise coverage of D2D collection, there is 100% coverage of D2D, but households wise 60%. • More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase of manpower with magisterial authority to enable ULB to enforce the SWM Byelaws strictly & adding of required machinery. • The recently allotted land is a low-lying area with perennial water. Land needs to be developed first & Construction of Solid Waste processing structure and installation of solid waste processing machineries needed after development of the land which requires huge investment. • Till the development of the allotted land, after selling of segregated plastics bottles and cardboard boxes only at council level, the remaining collected waste is transferred to Lamdeng SWM Plant on regular basis on payment of tipping fee for further processing.
5	Sekmai MC	5,065	6,964	2.09	0.80	1.00	0.53	0.45	0.98	0.84	1.11	53	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits • Capacity Building in terms of men

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
6	Lilong IW MC	12,427	17,085	5.13	1.20	3.50	1.00	3.40	4.40	0.53	0.73	14	• Allotment of SWM land. • Construction of segregation sheds and more composting pits • Purchase of machinery, engaging more sanitary workers • More awareness and behavioral change campaign.
7	Wangoi MC	9,106	12,519	3.76	1.45	0.00	0.06	1.78	1.84	0.53	1.92	51	• More rigorous awareness and behavioral change campaign • Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026 • Allotment of SWM land by 30.06.2026 • Setting up a Solid Waste Management & Processing Facility of its own.
8	Thoubal MC	45,947	63,171	18.95	10.50	26.00	10.30	6.60	16.90	1.85	2.05	11	• In compliance to SWM Rules 2026, the ULB need to intensify IEC activities to achieve 100% D2D coverage & 4-way source segregation. • More manpower in the Waste Management Plant is required for efficient waste processing. • Door-to-door collection linked to Municipal Services which has also

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													helped increased in number of registrations in D2D.
9	Yairipok MC	9,569	13,156	3.95	1.60	0.50	0.05	2.00	2.05	0.35	1.90	48	• Increase awareness programmes throughout the wards of the Municipality. • Sent to Thoubal Cluster waste processing site.
10	Andro MC	8,744	12,022	3.61	0.90	3.00	0.80	2.10	2.90	0.61	0.71	20	• Plant to fill up the gap by 31.03.2027 through: • Increasing IEC on Door-to-Door waste collection & Source segregation, • Increase in manpower, • Engagement of recyclers, • Encouraging home composting, • Capacity building in terms of man & machinery.
11	Sikhong Sekmai MC	7,390	10,160	3.05	0.56	2.00	0.56	1.50	2.06	0.99	0.99	32	• Increase awareness programs throughout the wards of the Municipality. • Sent to Thoubal Cluster waste processing site.
12	Lilong TBL MC	22,888	31,468	9.44	3.10	4.00	2.74	4.70	7.44	1.64	2.00	21	• More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase in Manpower with magisterial authority • Machinery upgradation (Outdated Machines still in use) • Linking of other Municipal Services to the garbage collection enrolment • Setting up of Waste Management Plant for other LBs (Urban and Rural) as most of them bring their

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													waste to Imphal (Lamdeng) waste management plant."
13	Heirok MC	2,974	4,089	1.23	0.76	3.00	0.34	0.10	0.44	0.37	0.79	64	• More composting pits, increase in manpower, awareness drives and engagement of recyclers and encouraging home composting.
14	Wangjing Lamding MC	8,055	11,075	3.32	0.98	2.00	0.40	1.70	2.10	0.64	1.22	37	• Increasing home composting, more compost pits, awareness on source segregation, engage more recyclers.
15	Kakching MC	32,138	44,185	13.26	9.08	0.00	3.92	4.01	7.93	0.17	5.33	40	• Intensified IEC on Door-to- • Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation. • Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
16	Mayang Imphal MC	24,239	33,325	10.00	5.20	5.00	3.64	3.30	6.94	1.50	3.06	31	• Treatment Plant, Composting Pits and MRF are operational. • Remaining collected waste sent to Treatment Plant at Lamdeng, Imphal • Segregated recyclable waste sent to recyclers. • The ULB shall manage to mitigate the gap with intensified IEC on D2D collection, source segregation, mandatory payment of fees for D2D collection etc.
17	Lamlai MC	4,601	6,326	1.90	1.00	2.00	0.16	0.65	0.81	0.25	1.09	57	• Rigorous IEC activities encourage home composting, solid waste management site Amuthenga.
18	Kakching Khunou MC	11,379	15,645	4.69	1.30	3.50	1.17	2.60	3.77	0.79	0.92	20	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation.

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		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													• Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
19	Sugnu MC	5,132	7,056	2.12	0.88	2.00	0.80	0.90	1.70	0.34	0.42	20	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste Collection and Source Segregation. • Mandatory Submission of Payment Receipts of D2D waste collection at the time of availing any form of service from the Council.
20	Kumbi MC	9,546	13,124	3.94	2.51	5.00	1.33	1.26	2.59	0.17	1.35	34	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste collection and source segregation. • Mandatory Submission of payment receipts of D2D waste collection of the time of availing of any form of service from the council.
21	Kwakta MC	8,579	11,795	3.54	2.14	1.45	0.11	0.90	1.01	0.50	2.53	71	• Encouraging households on Door-to-Door collection of waste. • Segregation of waste at source and campaign for home composting
22	Moirang MC	19,893	27,350	8.21	5.40	8.00	3.72	2.09	5.81	0.72	2.40	29	• Intensified IEC on Door-to-Door Waste collection and source segregation. • Mandatory Submission of payment receipts of D2D waste collection of the time of availing of any form of service from the council.
23	Ningthoukhong MC	13,078	17,980	5.39	3.80	4.00	2.20	1.50	3.70	0.09	1.69	31	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimise waste generation.

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		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
													• Setting up of stand-alone or cluster-based waste management facility by 30.06.2026. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • 4.Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026.
24	Bishnupur MC	12,167	16,728	5.02	3.50	5.00	1.70	1.10	2.80	0.42	2.22	44	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimise waste generation. • Implementing four streams of Waste Segregation System at the source and to reduce landfill waste. • Setting up of stand-alone or cluster-based waste management facility. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboard from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery.

No.	Name of ULB	Population		Solid Waste Gener-ated (MTD) (450gm per capita gen for IMC and 300gm for other municipalities)	Waste Collec-ted (TPD)	Total waste process-ing facility capacity (TPD)	Managed/Treated (in TPD)			Gap between Generate and (Collected +Managed at source)	Gap in Managed		Plan to mitigate the gap between generations of wastes vs collection, Managed / treated and Remarks
		2011 Census	2025 Projected (23% Decadal growth rate)				Processed/treated at waste Management plant/ site	Mana-ged / proce-ssed at source	Total Management		Man-Gap (wrt generation) [Gen-Man] TPD	In % Gen-Man Gap [(Gen-Man)/Gen]x100	
25	Oinam MC	7,161	9,845	2.95	2.00	2.00	0.90	0.45	1.35	0.50	1.60	54	• Encouraging households to source segregated waste and practice home composting of wet waste/ engaging recyclers for dry waste.
26	Nambol MC	22,512	30,951	9.29	4.50	5.00	1.00	4.20	5.20	0.59	4.09	44	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimise waste generation. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery by 31.12.2026
27	Jiribam MC	7,343	10,096	3.03	0.89	22.00	0.69	0.45	1.14	1.69	1.89	62	• IEC campaign door to door visit to educate the resident about the importance of Segregation on 4 streams of waste Dry, Wet, Sanitary and Special Care Waste and door-to-door collection • About. 0.07 TPD waste generated from relief camps, Jiribam.
Total		**6,16,002**	**8,46,918**	**309.39**	**199.15**	**216.45**	**71.68**	**82.34**	**154.02**	**43.78**	**155.37**	**40**	

TABLE 2: SOLID WASTES GENERATION, COLLECTION AND MANAGEMENT – WARDWISE OF ULBs IN MANIPUR, OCTOBER 2026

Sl. No.	Name of ULB	Total Wards	Door-to-door (D2D) Collection		Segregated at source		Land Available in Acre	Type of processing unit	Plan to mitigate the gap generation and Management
			No. of Wards	In %	No. of Wards	in % (Household)			
1	Imphal MC	27	27	60	27	11	45	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/Aerobic composting	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits. • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • 4. Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
2	Lamshang MC	9	9	60	9	65	1	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/Aerobic composting	• Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits. • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Linking door-to-door collection of waste subscription to municipal services. • Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
3	Samurou MC	11	11	86	11	65	0	• Manual segregation/sale of recyclable waste/Aerobic composting	• More Awareness and behavioural change campaign required. • Construction of additional Material Recovery Facility and composting pits. • Capacity Building in terms of men and machineries. • Awareness on Single Use Plastics and benefits of RRR (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) ways of waste management, etc.
4	Thongkhong Laxmi MC	11	11	85	11	55	2.5	• Aerobic composting/ manual segregation/ recycling shed cum transfer station.	• In terms of Ward-wise, Region-wise, Area-wise, Leikai-wise, Leirak-wise coverage of D2D collection, there is 100% coverage of D2D, but households wise 60%. • More awareness and behavioral change campaign required. • Increase of manpower with magisterial authority to enable ULB to enforce the SWM Byelaws strictly & adding of required machinery. • The recently allotted land is a low-lying area with perennial water. Land needs to be developed first & Construction of Solid Waste processing structure and installation of solid waste processing machineries needed after development of the land which requires huge investment. • Till the development of the allotted land, after selling segregated plastic bottles and cardboard

Sl. No.	Name of ULB	Total Wards	Door-to-door (D2D) Collection		Segregated at source		Land Available in Acre	Type of processing unit	Plan to mitigate the gap generation and Management
			No. of Wards	In %	No. of Wards	in % (Household)			
									boxes at only council level, the remaining collected waste is transferred to Lamdeng SWM Plant on regular basis on payment of tipping fee for further processing.
5	Sekmai MC	9	9	55	9	67	0	• Aerobic Composting and manual segregation of dry waste.	• Capacity building in terms of men and machinery to increase door-to-door collection. • Construction of more compost pits to increase wet waste processing. • Follow up for allotment of land for solid waste processing, already applied in 2023. • Purchase of a bale pressor machine to improve storage and transportation of multilayer plastic. • Concerted efforts to bring about behavioral change with the help of local clubs and SHGs.
6	Lilong IW MC	9	9	85	9	70	1 (private land)	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• More awareness and behavioural change campaign required. • Increase in Manpower with magisterial authority • Machinery upgradation • Linking of other Municipal Services to the garbage collection enrolment. • More vehicles for transportation at Lamdeng waste management plant.
7	Wangoi MC	9	9	9	83	9	71	• Segregation shed cum transfer station	• More rigorous awareness and behavioural change campaign • Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026 • Allotment of SWM land by 30.06.2026 • Setting up of a Solid Waste Management & Processing Facility of its own.
8	Thoubal MC	18	18	84	18	75	6.7	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• In compliance to SWM Rules 2026, the ULB need to intensify IEC activities to achieve 100% 4-way source segregation. • More manpower in the Waste Management Plant is required for efficient waste processing. • The ULB need more vehicles for waste collection to achieve 100% D2D coverage. • Door to door collection linked to Municipal Services which has also helped increased in number of registration in D2D.
9	Yairipok MC	9	9	65	9	5	5	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET Waste & mechanical Segregation Dry Waste & Mixed Waste	• Engagement of recyclers. • Intensified Awareness on Source Segregation. • Manual Segregation and Composting to mitigate the

Sl. No.	Name of ULB	Total Wards	Door-to-door (D2D) Collection		Segregated at source		Land Available in Acre	Type of processing unit	Plan to mitigate the gap generation and Management
			No. of Wards	In %	No. of Wards	in % (Household)			
									gap of Generation and Management. • Treatment facility at Thoubal Cluster.
10	Andro MC	12	12	85	12	80	0.96	• Composting Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Treatment at Thoubal Khunou (Cluster B). • More manpower, engagement of recyclers, encouraging source segregation and composting.
11	Sikhong Sekmai MC	9	9	100	9	70	0.62	• MRF (Material Recovery Facility) and Composting pit	• Currently, there is hardly any gap between waste generation and processing IEC on D2D waste collection and source segregation. • Increase in manpower, Engagement of recyclers, encouraging home composting. • Capacity building in terms of man and machinery.
12	Lilong TBL MC	8	8	80	8	60	0.5	• Aerobic Pit Composting for WET waste & Mechanical Segregation for DRY Waste & Mixed waste	• More rigorous awareness and behavioral change campaign. • Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026 • Allotment of SWM land by 30.06.2026 • Setting up a Solid Waste Management & Processing Facility of its own.
13	Heirok MC	9	9	75	9	70	0.62	• MRF (Material Recovery Facility) and Composting pit	• Increasing segregation at source.
14	Wangjing Lamding MC	9	9	87	9	71	1.46	• Transfer cum Segregation shed and Composting Pit.	• More composting pits, increase in manpower, awareness drives and engagement of recyclers and encouraging home composting.
15	Kakching MC	12	12	94	12	91	2.5	• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Engagement of recyclers. • Intensified Awareness on Source Segregation. • Manual Segregation and Composting to mitigate the gap of Generation and Management
16	Mayang Imphal MC	13	13	85	13	70	1.2	• Treatment Plant - Composting Pits-MRF/segregation sheds. • Remaining collected waste sent to Treatment Plant at Lamdeng, Imphal. • Segregated recyclable waste is sent to recycler.	• Treatment Plant, Composting Pits and MRF are operational. • Remaining Collected waste sent to Treatment Plant at Lamdeng, Imphal. • Segregated recyclable waste sent to recycler. • The ULB shall manage to mitigate the gap with intensified IEC on D2D collection, source segregation, mandatory payment of fees for D2D collection etc.
17	Lamlai MC	9	9	65	9	35	0.625	• Compost (home+centralized) • Source segregation and centralized segregation	• Intensive IEC • Treatment facilities at Lamdeng (Waste to energy plant) • Encourage home composting. • Capacity building of human resources.

Sl. No.	Name of ULB	Total Wards	Door-to-door (D2D) Collection		Segregated at source		Land Available in Acre	Type of processing unit	Plan to mitigate the gap generation and Management
			No. of Wards	In %	No. of Wards	in % (Household)			
									• Manpower and machinery
18	Kakching Khunou MC	9	9	80	9	65	2	• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Engagement of recyclers. • Intensified Awareness on Source Segregation. • Manual Segregation and Composting to mitigate the gap of Generation and Management
19	Sugnu MC	9	9	70	9	54	0.97	• Composting, Manual Segregation & Recycling	• Engagement of recyclers. • Intensified Awareness on Source Segregation. • Manual Segregation and Composting to mitigate the gap of Generation and Management
20	Kumbi MC	9	9	100	9	9	0.52	• Composting	• Engagement of recycler. • Intensified Awareness on Source Segregation. • Manual Segregation and Composting to mitigate the gap of Generation and Management
21	Kwakta MC	9	9	100	9	9	0.52	• Composting	• Transfer, segregation and composting
22	Moirang MC	12	12	100	12	12	5.1	• Composting	• Requested DC to allot land Rigorous IEC campaign to be hold for source Segregation.
23	Ningthoukhong MC	14	14	72	14	72	1.31	• Composting & segregation of recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimize waste generation. • Setting up of stand-alone or cluster-based waste management facility by 30.06.2026. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery by 30.06.2026
24	Bishnupur MC	12	12	75	12	75	5	• Composting & segregation of recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimize waste generation. • Implementing four stream of Waste Segregation System at the source and to reduce landfill waste. • Setting up of stand-alone or cluster-based waste management facility. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery.

Sl. No.	Name of ULB	Total Wards	Door-to-door (D2D) Collection		Segregated at source		Land Available in Acre	Type of processing unit	Plan to mitigate the gap generation and Management
			No. of Wards	In %	No. of Wards	in % (Household)			
25	Oinam MC	9	9	70	9	54	0.625	• Transfer, segregation and composting	• More rigorous awareness and behavioral change campaign. • Increase of machinery by 30.09.2026. • Completing of Solid Waste Management & Processing Facility by 31.12.2026
26	Nambol MC	18	18	70	18	70	3.21	• Composting & segregation of recyclable waste for onward sale to recyclers	• Extensive mass awareness campaign for the public to adopt the "3Rs" of waste management and minimize waste generation. • Onward transport of segregated dry waste left after sale of recyclable plastic bottles and cardboards from the ULB waste storage site to Lamdeng Waste Management Plant after its capacity augmentation. • Increase of manpower and machinery by 31.12.2026.
27	Jiribam MC	10	10	78	10	69	6.02	• Composting send back for recycling, MRF	• IEC campaign door to door visit to educate the resident about the importance of Segregation on 4 streams of waste Dry, Wet, Sanitary and Special Care Waste and Special Care Waste and door to door collection.
Total		**304**	**304**	**77**	**378**	**54**			
Ward coverage (in Percentage)			100.00%		124.34%				

Table-3: SOLID WASTES PROCESSING AND MANAGEMENT – WARDWISE OF ULBS IN MANIPUR, OCTOBER 2026

Sl No.	Name of ULB or Name of Processing Unit	Processing unit Under Construction/Proposed		Uncontrolled Dumpsite		Controlled Dumpsite		Sanitary Landfill		Area of Legacy waste within 1 km buffer of the river	Drains falling into river having floating racks/screen
		Capacity TPD	Technology	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)		
1	Imphal MC	0	NA	NIL	NIL	1		1		Nil	Nil
2	Lamshang MC	2	Manual Segregation and recycling, Aerobic composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3	Samurou MC	0	NA	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4	Thongkhong Laxmi MC										
5	Sekmai MC	0	NA	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
6	Lilong IW MC	2	Manual Segregation and recycling, Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
7	Wangoi MC	1	Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
8	Thoubal MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	1	2	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
9	Yairipok MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
10	Andro MC	2	Manual segregation and recycling, Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
11	Sikhong Sekmai MC	2TPD	Composting pit	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
12	Lilong TBL MC	4	Manual Segregation and recycling, Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Sl No.	Name of ULB or Name of Processing Unit	Processing unit Under Construction/Proposed		Uncontrolled Dumpsite		Controlled Dumpsite		Sanitary Landfill		Area of Legacy waste within 1 km buffer of the river	Drains falling into river having floating racks/screen
		Capacity TPD	Technology	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)		
13	Heirok MC			NIL	NIL	1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
14	Wangjing Lamding MC	0.3	manual segregation and composting (aerobic method)	NIL	NIL	1	0.16	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
15	Kakching MC	72	Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
16	Mayang Imphal MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
17	Lamlai MC	1	Aerobic Composting	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
18	Kakching Khunou MC	0	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
19	Sugnu MC	0	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
20	Kumbi MC	4	Mechanical, Composting and recovery of reusable waste	NIL	NIL	1	0.12	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
21	Kwakta MC	0.45	Manual segregation and composting / aerobic	NIL	NIL	1	5.1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
22	Moirang MC	4	Mechanical, Composting and recovery of reusable waste	NIL	NIL	1	5.1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
23	Ningthoukhong MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	1	1.31	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
24	Bishnupur MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	1	2.5	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
25	Oinam MC	0.5	Manual Segregation and Composting/ aerobic	NIL	NIL	1	0.4	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Sl No.	Name of ULB or Name of Processing Unit	Processing unit Under Construction/Proposed		Uncontrolled Dumpsite		Controlled Dumpsite		Sanitary Landfill		Area of Legacy waste within 1 km buffer of the river	Drains falling into river having floating racks/screen
		Capacity TPD	Technology	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)	No.	Area (Acre)		
26	Nambol MC	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	1	1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
27	Jiribam MC	0	0	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	1	1.72	NIL	1
	Total	**93.25**		**0**		**11**		**2**			

ANNEXURE-4

STATUS OF WATER QUALITY OF POLLUTED RIVERS

Remark:

Manipur Pollution Control Board has been conducting monthly water quality analysis of the polluted rivers. The monthly water quality data of the polluted rivers will be reported during 1st week of next month i. e. Report for November will get on 1-10th December. Therefore, Water Quality Report for November will be reproduced in the MPR of December.

Water Quality of the Imphal, Iril, Manipur, Thoubal, Wangjing, Khuga, Khujairok, Lokchao, Nambul, Waisel Maril & Moirang Rivers and Effluent of Sewage Treatment Plant, Langol
for the month of October 2026

1. Imphal River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Koirengei	7.4	7.5	3.1	9.0	50
Minutrhong	7.3	7.4	3.3	10.6	75
Mahabali	7.4	7.4	3.3	10.8	75

2. Iril River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Kangla Siphai	7.5	7.5	3.1	10.2	50
Porompat	7.4	7.4	3.2	9.4	55
Lilong	7.3	7.4	3.3	11.0	65

3. Manipur River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Yairipok	7.5	7.4	3.2	11.2	60
Sekmaijing	7.5	7.4	3.3	11.4	65
Ithai	7.4	7.4	3.3	11.6	70

4. Wangjing River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Heirok	7.5	7.4	3.3	12.2	65
Wangjing	7.4	7.4	3.3	11.2	55

5. Lokchao River, Bishnupur

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Lokchao Bridge near Bishnupur Bazar	7.4	7.4	3.3	11.0	55

6. Nambul River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Samushang	7.2	7.2	4.2	15.2	115
Naoremthong	7.1	7.2	4.0	15.0	105
Hump Bridge	6.9	7.0	4.3	16.3	195
Heirangoithong	6.8	6.9	4.4	16.5	210

7. Kongba River

Location	DO	Ph	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Kongba Eranpham	7.0	7.1	4.3	15.8	120
Kongba Erong	7.2	7.3	4.2	12.4	105

8. Waisel Maril

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Meijrao Bridge, Hiyangthang	7.1	7.3	4.2	14.2	130
Kha Sanjenbam Mayai Leikai	7.2	7.3	4.0	12.1	105

9. Moirang River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Laikhurembi, Moirang Bazar	7.4	7.3	3.5	10.3	65

10. Nambol River

Location	DO	pH	BOD mg/L	COD mg/L	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Nambol Bazar	7.3	7.3	3.3	10.6	75

11. Sewage Treatment Plant Effluent

Location		Oil & Grease (mg/L)	pH	TSS mg/L	BOD mg/L	COD Mg/l	Fecal Coliform (MPN/100ml)
Langol	Outlet	2.7	7.3	34	12.2	46	120
	Inlet	8.7	7.0	148	38.0	290	270

FOREST DEPARTMENT, MANIPUR

MONTHLY PROGRESS STATUS OF TARGETED ACTION PLAN FOR REJUVINATION 18(EIGHTEEN) POLLUTED STRETCHES OF RIVER PRIORITY - V TILL THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 2026

Action	Eighteen Polluted River Stretches	Plantation Status		Status of Soil & Moisture Conservation Measures						Springshed Intervention		Remark
		Intervention during 2026-27 (plantation area in hectare) till the month of October, 2026	Cumulative achievement till the month of October, 2026	Intervention during 2026-27 till the month of October, 2026			Cumulative achievement till the month of October, 2026			Intervention during 2026-27 (in Nos) till the month of October, 2026	Cumulative achievement till the month of October, 2026	
				Trenches/ CCT/SCT /etc. (in Ha)	Check Dam (Brushwood Dam/Masonary/etc.) (in Nos)	Gabion structures (in Nos)	Trenches/CCT/SCT/etc. (in Ha)	Check Dam (Brushwood Dam/Masonary/ etc.) (in Nos)	Gabion structures (in Nos)			
F. Maintaining minimum e-flow of river	BARAK (Priority – V)	742.506	1401.506	9.14	-	-	9.14	-	-	-	-	
	CHAKPI (Priority – V)	85	210	-	10	8	-	10	8			
	IMPHAL (Priority – V)	267	703.55	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	IRIL (Priority – V)	265	1742.44	2	-	-	2	-	-			
	KHUGA (Priority – V)	100	1132.2	-	-	-	-	-	-			

	KHUJAIROK (Priority – V)	0	30	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	IJEI (Priority – V)	85	85	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	MAHA (Priority – V)	100	387.2	-	10	9	-	10	9			
	MANIPUR (Priority – V)	0	135	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	NAMBUL (Priority – V)	30	169.5	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	SEKMAI (Priority – V)	35	85	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	THOUBAL (Priority – V)	1880.68	4240.03	250	-	-	250	-	-			
	WANGJING (Priority – V)	20	80	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	KONGBA (Priority – V)	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	LEIMAKHONG (Priority – V)	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	TUPUL (Priority – V)	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	THONGJAOROK (Priority – V)	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	IRANG (Priority – V)	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-			
G. Plantation along river banks of 18 (Eighteen) rivers	Plantation has been undertaken by planting 1,000 nos of seedlings along 5 Kms of the riverbank of the Nambul River and 1,000 nos of seedlings along 5 Kms of the riverbank of the Khuga River.											
H. Development of Biodiversity Park	No Biodiversity Park have been developed so far. However, 2(two) Biodiversity Parks are under development namely 1. Khonghampat Biodiversity Park, Khonghampat, Central Forest Division (approved) 2. Wakha Biodiversity Park, Wakha Laima Ching, Central Forest Division (approved)											

ACTION PLAN FOR IMPROVEMENT OF e-FLOW AND ESTABLISHMENT OF BIODIDVERSITY PARK BY FOREST DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF MANIPUR

A. TENTATIVE PLANTATION TARGET FOR THE YEAR 2026-27

Sl. No.	River Stretch	Plantation activity in Hac	Status	Office of Forest Department responsible for the work	Time Frame for completion
1.	BARAK (Priority – V)	742.5	Proposed under State Plan fund, GIM & CAMPA	DFO Jiribam, DFO Kangpokpi, DFO Tamenglong & DFO Senapati	31.03.2027
2.	CHAKPI (Priority – V)	85	Proposed under State Plan fund, CAMPA, GIM & NBM	DFO Chandel	31.03.2027
3.	IMPHAL (Priority – V)	150	Proposed under State Plan fund & CAMPA	DFO, Central & DFO Kangpokpi	31.03.2027
4.	IRIL (Priority – V)	405	Proposed under State Plan fund, GIM & CAMPA	DFO, Central, DFO Kangpokpi, DFO Thoubal & DFO Senapati	31.03.2027
5.	KHUGA (Priority – V)	195	Proposed under Campa, State Plan fund & GIM	DFO Churachandpur	31.03.2027
6.	KHUJAIROK (Priority – V)	10	Proposed under State Plan fund	DFO Wildlife	31.03.2027
7.	IJEI (Priority – V)	85	Proposed under CAMPA & GIM	DFO Noney	31.03.2027
8.	MAHA (Priority – V)	100	Proposed under State Plan fund, CAMPA, GIM & NBM	DFO Chandel	31.03.2027
9.	MANIPUR (Priority – V)	-	-	-	31.03.2027
10.	NAMBUL (Priority – V)	160	Proposed under CAPMA, State plan & KfW	DFO Central & DFO Kangpokpi	31.03.2027
11.	SEKMAI (Priority – V)	35	Proposed under CAMPA	DFO Thoubal	31.03.2027
12.	THOUBAL (Priority – V)	1880.68	Proposed under State Plan fund, GIM, KfW & CAMPA	DFO Kamjong, DFO Thoubal & DFO Ukhrul	31.03.2027
13.	WANGJING (Priority – V)	20	Proposed under State Plan	DFO Thoubal	31.03.2027
14.	KONGBA (Priority – V)	-	-	-	31.03.2027
15.	LEIMAKHONG (Priority – V)	-	-	-	31.03.2027
16.	TUPUL (Priority – V)	10	Proposed under GIM	DFO Noney	31.03.2027
17.	THONGJAOROK (Priority – V)	23	Proposed under State Plan fund & CAMPA	DFO Bishnupur	31.03.2027
18.	IRANG (Priority – V)	10	Proposed under State Plan fund	DFO Kangpokpi	31.03.2027

B. SOIL AND MOISTURE CONSERVATION MEASURES PROPOSED UNDER VARIOUS SCHEME

Sl. No.	Name of River Stretch	Trenches/CCT/SCT/ etc. (in Ha)	Check Dam (Brushwood Dam/Masonary/etc.) (in Nos)	Gabion structures (in Nos)	Water Trough (in Nos)	Misc
1.	BARAK (Priority – V)	12.14	10	-	-	-
2.	CHAKPI (Priority – V)	-	10	8	-	-
3.	IMPHAL (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
4.	IRIL (Priority – V)	6	-	-	-	-
5.	KHUGA (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
6.	KHUJAIROK (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
7.	IJEI (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
8.	MAHA (Priority – V)	-	12	10	-	-
9.	MANIPUR (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
10.	NAMBUL (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
11.	SEKMAI (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
12.	THOUBAL (Priority – V)	406	284	-	-	-
13.	WANGJING (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
14.	KONGBA (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
15.	LEIMAKHONG (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
16.	TUPUL (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
17.	THONGJAOROK (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-
18.	IRANG (Priority – V)	-	-	-	-	-

C. SPRINGSHED INTERVENTION

Sl. No.	Name/Location	Proposed Intervention (Plantation, SMC, etc.)	Office of Forest Department responsible for the work	Targeted date of completion	Status
1.	Luihoi Molcham	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Churachandpur	31.03.2027	
2.	Tuitengjang	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Churachandpur	31.03.2027	
3.	Phaiton	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Jiribam	31.03.2027	
4.	Kasom Khullen	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Kamjong	31.12.2026	
5.	Hengbung	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Kangpokpi	31.12.2026	
6.	Langthabal Khunou	Plantation, SMC Works, etc.	DFO Thoubal	31.03.2027	
7.	Nungshong Khunou	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
8.	Nungshong Khullen	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
9.	Hoomi	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
10.	Lamling	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
11.	Lungshang Chingkha	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
12.	Shangching	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
13.	Shangshak Phunghon	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
14.	Hatha	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
15.	Phalee	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
16.	Ringui	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
17.	Shirui	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
18.	Sirarakhong	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
19.	Langdang	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
20.	Shokvao	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
21.	Hungpung khapai rashon	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
22.	Ramva	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
23.	Tashar	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
24.	Talui	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Ukhrul	30.03.2027	
25.	Phitokhuphi	Plantation & SMC Works	DFO Senapati	31.10.2026	
26.	CL19 – Lambung for Chakpi River	SMC works with Contour Trenching over 20 Ha	DFO Chandel	31.08.2026	
27.	CL 30 – Liwa Sharei for Maha River	SMC works with Contour Trenching over 18 Ha	DFO Chandel	31.08.2026	

D. PROPOSED BIODIVERSITY PARK

Sl. No.	Name of the Proposed Bipodiversity Park	Proposed location of the Biodiversity Park	Remark
1.	-	-	-